

### **FTF DATA HARMONIZATION**

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RESEARCH PROGRAM ON Climate Change, Agriculture and Food Security







## GCAN IN A NUTSHELL

- **Objective:** Support FTF focus countries to <u>understand</u> and <u>use</u> climate and household data for climate-smart agriculture (CSA) programming that integrates nutrition and gender, in alignment with new Global Food Security Act
- Activities include:
  - 1. Framework and tools for understanding the connections between climate change (specifically CSA), gender, and nutrition.
  - 2. Research and knowledge management to help answer missions' priority questions related to climate, gender, and nutrition
  - 3. Enhanced use of Feed the Future Open Datasets







## FTF OPEN DATASETS

- Population Based Surveys for 11 FTF countries publicly available on the USAID Development Data Library:
  - Bangladesh\*
  - Ethiopia
  - Ghana
  - Malawi\*
  - Mozambique
- Zambia\*

Kenya

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Rwanda\*

Tajikistan

Uganda\*

Nepal\*

\*Baseline and follow-up available







### **CURRENT AND FUTURE HARMONIZATION**

Bangladesh BIHS 2011-2 and 2015: https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PUK1P7

Number of downloads: 2,292

Ghana PBS 2012: <u>https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/DXMARV</u> Number of downloads: <u>451</u>

Zambia RALS 2012 and 2015: not yet shareable

Guatemala WHIP 2013 and 2015: aggregated indicators only

Senegal 2012-3 FTF: covers only a portion of the ZOI, data lost due to transmission error

Nepal & Kenya: ongoing efforts to access GPS info (even offset)







### STANDARDIZED VARIABLES GENERATED

- 1. Identifiers (10): year, country, region, district, offset GPS coordinates,...
- 2. Socio-demographic (21): marital status, head's gender/age, education,...

3. Agriculture, land and infrastructure (40): land owned, livestock by type, agr. and nonagric. assets, dwelling conditions, travel time and distance to services

- 4. WEAI (23): 10 indicators (5 domains) and 5DE per sex, gender parity gap
- 5. Child anthropometrics (11): z-score of stunting, wasting, underweight,...
- 6. Food consumption/dietary diversity (18): food consumption score, DDS,...
- 7. Household hunger score (4): HHS and its components
- 8. Weather-related (203): temperature, rainfall, soil characteristics, travel time NDVI







### **PURPOSE OF THE WEAI** (WOMEN'S EMPOWERMENT IN AGRICULTURE INDEX)

 Design, develop, and test an index to measure the greater inclusion of women in agricultural sector growth that has occurred as a result of US Government intervention under the Feed the Future (FTF) Initiative





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### A WOMAN'S EMPOWERMENT SCORE SHOWS HER OWN ACHIEVEMENTS





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# DATATHON

### Why?

Key challenges still exist in <u>accessing</u> and <u>processing</u> raw FTF data, <u>reconciling</u> them to make interoperable with other data, and <u>documenting</u> them to help data users correctly interpret and further analyze the findings.

### **Objectives**

- 1. Increase public awareness and use of FTF datasets in agricultural research and development
- 2. Use of FTF data in conjunction with spatially-explicit datasets to inform policy decisions and monitor impacts







# **2017: DATATHONS IN DC AND DHAKA**

**Data**: Harmonized Bangladesh data (BIHS 2011 and 2015) across four key food security-relevant domains (climate, agriculture, nutrition, and gender)

Participation: About 90 in DC and 30 in Dhaka

### Topics

- 1. Historical trends of climate shocks and their impacts on the livelihoods of female farmers and their empowerment in agriculture
- 2. Spatial representation and historical dynamics of gender inequality in agriculture
- 3. Relationships between WEAI and nutritional outcomes







#### SOME EXAMPLES: #1 WOMEN'S EMPOWERMENT IN BANGLADESH





#### SOME EXAMPLES: #2 CLIMATE AND GENDER IN BANGLADESH



-rnationai



#### SOME EXAMPLES: #3 WOMEN'S EMPOWERMENT IN GHANA



#### HIGHER WOMEN EMPOWERMENT, HIGHER WELFARE







#### SOME EXAMPLES: #4 HOUSEHOLD HUNGER IN GHANA



#### HIGHER SOIL CARBON AND NDVI, LOWER HOUSEHOLD HUNGER







### SOME EXAMPLES: #5 CHILD ANTHROPOMETRICS IN ZAMBIA



#### HIGHER SOIL CARBON, BETTER CHILD NUTRITION... ESPECIALLY FOR GIRLS







#### SOME EXAMPLES: #6 TABLEAU VISUALIZATION

#### https://tabsoft.co/2M4FUBW











# CONCLUSIONS

- GCAN is an excellent opportunity to leverage USAID efforts for increasing FTF data access and use
- Backed up by IFPRI's technical expertise
- Promising examples are already available and shareable
- FTF standardized datasets helpful for researchers, practitioners, "skilled" country missions staff and policy makers
- ...and visualizations are available for the less skilled to explore possible relationships







# **NEXT STEPS**

- Possible collaboration with universities (both US-based and local)
- Possible collaboration with Innovation labs
- Increased sensitization of USAID-mission staff
- More research using the standardized datasets under way if critical mass of FTF data becomes available
- Short summary reports (using graphs and maps) on key linkages between gender, climate, and nutrition based on standardized datasets
- Narrated PowerPoint or webpage that describes potential uses of the datasets directed at university students?



